

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871.

OMAHA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 14, 1898—TWELVE PAGES.

SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

UNDER THE SUNSHINE

Exposition Gets New Life from Occasional
Gleams of September Radiance.

ATTENDANCE BEGINS TO SWING AGAIN

Crowds at the Grounds a Reminder
Might Have Been.

ISCONSIN DAY FALLS RATHER FLAT

Expected Jam of Badgers at the Gates Falls
to Materialize.

SHRINERS RUN THE SHOW TODAY

Nobles of the Ancient Arabic Order
of the Mystic Shrine Will Be the
Feature of the Program at
the Auditorium.

Total Admissions Yesterday 14,602
Total to Date 1,312,986

The occasional radiations of bright September sunshine that permeated through the reluctant clouds brought new life to the exposition yesterday. While the attendance did not reach the proportions that might have been expected if the protracted rain had not partially shut off the tide of travel, there was a fairly good crowd and the outlook for the remainder of the week is most encouraging. The bright azure of the sky was still partially overcast, but the impenetrable blanket that has hid the sun for four days was broken and the irregular billows of cloud that yet floated over the sky were tinged with golden promise of a season of delightful weather.

The only feature was the celebration of Wisconsin day and this was far from being the success the management of the exposition had anticipated. They are somewhat disappointed on this account, as extraordinary efforts had been expended to provide the Wisconsin commission with every facility with which to work up a liberal representation. A very low railroad rate was secured for the occasion and there was every reason to expect that there would be a good attendance from the Badger state. But apparently nothing was done by the Wisconsin commission toward securing the efforts of the exposition and the result was a small crowd of about fifty people, most of whom were from Milwaukee. Neither the Wisconsin commission nor the exposition management had any other state official was present, and on that account the celebration that had been scheduled for the day was abandoned. Such Wisconsin visitors as were on the grounds were informally received at the Wisconsin building, where they were provided with badges, and this was the only ceremony of the day.

Chairman Koch of the Wisconsin commission explained the lack of interest on the score that his state is so far away that it is impossible to induce people to make such an expensive trip in any numbers. Governor Scofield had been unable to come because he had just returned from a ten days' trip through the volunteer camps in the south and is too much fatigued to think of coming on to Omaha.

Shriners Take Hold Today.

Today the Shriners will monopolize the grounds and the local committee has outlined a program of festivities that will occupy the entire day. The nobles and their ladies will assemble in the Auditorium at 9:30 o'clock and the next hour will be occupied by an informal reception and the distribution of badges and programs. At 10:30 the grand march of the day will occur. These will consist of addresses of welcome by Noble Henry Hardy on behalf of Tangier and Sessioris temples, Noble Frank E. Moore on behalf of the city of Omaha and Noble E. Allen on behalf of the city of Omaha and a response by Noble E. F. Allen, illustrious imperial potentate. The remainder of the forenoon will be occupied by a band concert and from 2 to 4 o'clock the visitors will call at the various state buildings, where they will be received by the respective state officials. At 4 o'clock there will be an especially brilliant display of fireworks, followed by the battle of confetti in the Streets of All Nations.

PLAN FOR SHAM BATTLE TODAY.

Sloux Will Attack the Allied Camp and Will Make the Parity.

Weather permitting, the sham battle between the Sioux Indians and the members of the other tribes will occur at 5 o'clock this evening on the grounds between the Exposition and the Apia building. The last rehearsal was given yesterday afternoon and it was successful in every particular. The forces were arranged much the same as they will be this afternoon, the 150 Sioux being on one side and the Blackfoot, Omaha, Arapaho, and other Indians on the other. At the sham battle fought some weeks ago a number of white men participated, but this one will be for Indians only. They will run the entire show and the whites will be the spectators. The Sioux will occupy the open space at the east end of the grounds and will be commanded by Little-Red-Dog, who is conceded to be one of the bravest warriors of the tribe. He is cool headed, sagacious, brave and a great orator. While he is a young man and has never participated in any real fights, he has had for a tutor such men as Red Cloud, Spotted Tail and some of the best men of the Sioux nation. Tomorrow afternoon great things are expected of him.

The allied forces that will combat the Sioux will be under the leadership of Big Brown Bear, a member of the Blackfoot tribe, and Young-Man-Who-Rode-the-Elephant, an Apache. The former will look after the movements of the northern Indians, while the latter will look after the forces from the southern country. Both men have reputations as fighters, the former having led several campaigns against the Indians of British America, while the latter, at the head of a band, has in the past invaded Mexico and has always returned home covered with glory.

At this time there are 300 ponies in the Indian camp, nearly enough for mounts for all of the able-bodied men. Those who do not go into the fight on horseback will hang around the edges of the skirmish line and will attend to torturing the captives with firebrands, knives and other instruments that are relics of a bygone age.

The tents in the central portion of the

BREAKING CAMP AT WIKOFF

Transportation Arrangements Made for the
Twenty-Second Infantry.

DATE OF DEPARTURE IS NOT SETTLED

Several Regiments of Regulars Start
for Permanent Army Posts—
Rough Riders Are
Mustered Out.

CAMP WIKOFF, MONTAUK POINT, L. I.

Sept. 12.—The Twenty-second infantry left Camp Wikoff today for Fort Leavenworth, Kan. It was followed a little later by the Third infantry on its way to Fort Snelling, Minn. When the Third marched through the camp on its way to the station there were hardly enough men to form two full companies. The remainder were killed, sick or furloughed.

Orders have been received for the removal of three more regiments of infantry tomorrow. The Fourth will go to Fort Sheridan, Ill.; the Thirtieth to various barracks in New York state and the Seventeenth to Columbia.

Present for Roosevelt.

There were 600 men in the general hospital at Camp Wikoff. The deaths reported were: Frederick W. Clough, Company E, Second infantry, dysentery; Edward Darling, corporal, Company G, Seventh infantry, typhoid; George Manning, Company I, Twentieth infantry, typhoid; London Campbell, band, First District of Columbia, dysentery; Jesse Wilburn, Company C, Twenty-first infantry, dysentery. The shincheon left today for New York with 200 sick soldiers and the Red Cross Red Cross took fifteen to Norwich, Conn. There was a presentation by the members of the First volunteer cavalry to their colonel, Theodore Roosevelt, today. They gave him a handsome bronze statue, the work of Frederick Remington and called "The Bronco Buster."

The transport steamer Vigilance arrived here today from St. Thomas, Cuba. It brings 240 soldiers and twenty nurses. The three following died on the voyage from Cuba: Harvey Blinn of Brooklyn, Twenty-first infantry; Private Hesser, First Illinois; Private Medford, Ohio. The latter died last night and his body will be landed here.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—The following

changes in stations of troops are ordered: Light Battery E, First artillery, to Jefferson Barracks, Mo.; Light Battery K, First artillery, to Fort Sam Houston, Tex.; Heavy Batteries A and B, First artillery, to report by telegraph to the commanding general of the Department of the Gulf at Atlanta, Ga., for assignment to camp or station on the coast of Florida. The cable a week ago that revision might entail not merely a ministerial, but a presidential crisis. The president, it now appears, was the deciding voice against revision when the question was considered by the cabinet.

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Two smoke houses are contained in the building connected by iron doors. The doors were melted by the heat and the interior was wholly damaged.

Losses in Westminster Fire.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Sept. 13.—It is now estimated that the property loss of the New Westminster fire is greater than first announced. Major Owens and a commission have gone over the burnt district and they estimate the loss at \$3,400,000. The insurance aggregates \$1,500,000. Following are the heaviest losses:

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7 a. m.	55	3 p. m.	61
8 a. m.	55	4 p. m.	63
9 a. m.	55	5 p. m.	65
10 a. m.	57	6 p. m.	60